## APPA

## Strategic Insights for the Pet Industry

## Pet Owners <br> 2023 \& Beyond

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## Background and Purpose

## The American Pet Products Association (APPA) was established to promote, develop and advance responsible pet ownership and the pet products industry.

To this end, APPA supports industry-related market research, monitors and responds to industry legislation and regulation, and sponsors educational seminars, networking and PR opportunities, giving members the tools they need to make important business decisions. APPA also works closely with other major organizations dedicated to similar goals to accomplish these and other important objectives.

In 1988, APPA began gathering information about pet ownership, pet care practices, purchasing behavior of pet-related products and sources of pet-related goods and services. APPA's objective is to monitor consumer habits on an ongoing basis to identify short- and long-term trends, as well as new opportunities in pet ownership and pet product and service consumption.

This report represents the first ever iteration of publicly published insights by the pet industry for the pet industry.

Because eighty percent of pet ownership is comprised of dogs and cats, they will be the focus of this strategic insights report.

## Sample and Method

The 2023-2024 National Pet Owners Survey was conducted by Big Village (a full-service market research and analytics firm based out of New Jersey). Invitations to the online survey were sent to a nationally representative sample.

The sample was balanced using current U.S. Census targets for gender, age, region, race/ethnicity, income and household size. For more specific detail about demographic breakdowns, refer to the NPOS e-book.

## Respondent Qualifications:

Age 18 or older (Screener)
Must own a pet from one of the following categories: (Questionnaire)

- Dogs
- Cats
- Saltwater and freshwater fish
- Horses
- Small animals
- Reptiles
- Birds


## Latest Year Method

The Survey was conducted in two parts - a screener and a detailed pet owner module (questionnaire). There were eight different modules (questionnaires), each corresponding to a different type of pet - dog, cat, bird, small animal, reptile, freshwater fish, saltwater fish and horse. Upon completing the screener, pet owners selected for one of the eight follow-up modules were then directed to complete the appropriate module based on the type of pet they own.

A total of 9,868 completed pet owner surveys are included in the data set. The table shows the number of completed surveys for each pet type. To maintain trended data, considerable effort was made to the questionnaire to maintain consistency.

The margin of error for the overall survey is $0.8 \%$.

| Module | \# of Completed Surveys |
| :--- | :---: |
| Screener | 15,002 |
| Dog | 3,512 |
| Cat | 3,508 |
| Bird | 531 |
| Small Animal | 522 |
| Reptile | 517 |
| Freshwater Fish | 673 |
| Saltwater Fish | 301 |
| Horse | 304 |
|  |  |

We have an unusual advantage of viewing pet owner behavior through the lens of a global pandemic. This report takes account of the pet owner landscape before, during and after COVID.

## Before COVID

2018

## During COVID

2020

Post COVID
2022

## Statistical Testing Included in this Version

Statistically significant findings indicate that the results are unlikely the result of chance but also that there is an effect or relationship between the variables being studied in the larger population. To ensure there is a meaningful difference between groups in thi study, a criteria for the statistical test is set at $5 \%$ and is referred to as the significance level. This means the results of the study are statistically significant if the probability of obtaining those results is less than $5 \%$. This translates to a $95 \%$ level of confidence in the data indicating true population difference $95 \%$ of the time.
A "statistically significant" finding is one in which it is likely the finding is real, reliable, and not due to chance.

Statistical testing is a new feature to the NPOS and does not exist in the current report.

## Generation Definition

The 2022-2023 survey employs the following definitions for each generation:


## Forecasting and Expenditure Definitions

## Forecasting Definitions

2010 to 2022 data is utilized to explore and forecast percentage and number (in millions) of U.S.
households that own a pet between 2024 and 2028. Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) is being used for forecasting.

For further clarification, please reach out to the research team at the APPA.

## Industry Expenditure Definitions

Pet Food and Treats - Start with NielsenlQ for all channels - Add non covered channel estimates such as Costco and the Farm and Fleet Channel. Validate with cooperating retailers

Pet supplies, OTC meds and Live - Start with NielsenIQ for all channels Add non covered channel estimates and estimates from cooperating retailers on live. Validate with retailers

Vet - Start with Packaged Facts number derived from their relationships in the industry as well as Simmons research. Validate with industry experts.

Other services - Start with packaged facts - interrogate each of the independent services such as insurance and grooming to find addition sources - Discuss with retailers and finalize.

## Outlet Type Definitions

The following list of outlets was included in each questionnaire to ensure a common understanding of the definition of each store type. This list is representative of current outlets at the time the Survey fielded.

| Outlet Type | Examples |
| :--- | :--- |
| Deep Discounter/Dollar Store: | Family Dollar, Dollar Tree, Dollar General |
| Discount/Mass Merchandiser: | Fred Meyer, Meijer, Target, Walmart |
| Feed Store/Agricultural Supplies: | Agway, Rural King, Southern States Cooperative, Tractor Supply <br> Company |
| Home Improvement/Hardware/Garden: | Ace Hardware, The Home Depot, Lowe's, ServiStar, True Value, Menards |
| Off-Price: | HomeGoods, Marshalls, Ross, TJ Maxx, Burlington, Big Lots |
| Online Only Outlet: | Chewy, Amazon, Wayfair, Overstock, Barkbox |
| Pet Specialty-Independent/Local: | An independent, locally-owned or neighborhood store selling pets and/ <br> or pet supplies |
| Pet Specialty Chain: | Bentley's Pet Stuff, Hollywood Feed, Kriser's Natural Pet, Pet Supermarket, Petland, Pet Sense, <br> Hollywood Feed, Wolfgang Bakery, Pet Food Express, Mud Bay, Feeders Supply, Chow Hound |
| Pet Superstore: | Petco, PetSmart, Pet Supplies Plus |
| Supermarket: | Food Lion, Kroger, Publix, Safeway, SuperValu, Stop \& Shop, Vons, Winn- <br> Dixie, Hy-Vee, HEB |
| Veterinarian: | Retail/over-the-counter products offered at your veterinarian's practice <br> or through your veterinarian's online store |
| Barehouse club/store | BJs, Costco, Sam's Club |
| Other: | Any outlet type not named above |

## US Census Region Definitions



| West <br> South Central | East <br> South Central | South Atlantic | Mid Atlantic | New England |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arkansas | Alabama | District of Columbia | New York | Connecticut |
| Louisiana | Kentucky | Delaware | New Jersey | Maine |
| Oklahoma | Mississippi | Florida | Pennsylvania | Massachusetts |
| Texas | Tennessee | Georgia |  | New Hampshire |
|  |  | Maryland |  | Rhode Island |
|  |  | North Carolina |  | Vermont |
|  |  | South Carolina |  |  |
|  |  | Virginia |  |  |
|  |  | West Virginia |  |  |


| Pacific | Mountain |  | West <br> North Central | East <br> North Central |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| California Arizona  Iowa | Illinois |  |  |  |  |
| Oregon | Colorado |  | Kansas | Indiana |  |
| Washington | Idaho |  | Minnesota | Michigan |  |
|  | Montana |  | Missouri | Ohio |  |
|  | New Mexico |  | North Dakota | Wisconsin |  |
|  | Nevada |  | Nebraska |  |  |
|  | Utah |  | South Dakota |  |  |
|  | Wyoming |  |  |  |  |

## Respondent Source and Length of Interview

Online panels used in the 2023-2024 NPOS include Dynata and Cint.
Common practice among panels regarding incentives is to use a point system, e.g., 1 point is equal to 1 cent. For every minute, the standard is 4 points. At any given point, the number of points rewarded can be increased when the panels begin to see lower than normal response rates (typical response rate is $\sim 15-25 \%$ ). Members can cash out at various thresholds. Another form of incentive that panels may choose to use involve entering respondents into a sweepstakes, so they don't have to payout every member.

Length of Interview: 30 minutes.

How to read the slides: quick overview of what to look for and what's new


## How to read the slides: interpreting the numbers



## State of the Industry

## State of the Industry

The American pet business is strong, and it has been strong over time: through the recession of 2007, after this recession and into economic recovery, during a global pandemic, and post-pandemic to where we are today.
"In the last 20 years, pets have gone from wandering the backyard to sleeping in our beds," and there is nothing that leads us to believe the love affair with pets will end. Evidence shows that younger generations (i.e., Millennials and Gen Z) are taking over our industry in new and exciting ways, and it is our duty at the American Pet Products Association to highlight these ever-evolving differences to help our industry pivot to the orientation of pet owners to help our industry thrive.

We hope this module guides you and your organization into more strategic decisionmaking, given what we know about pet owners now.


APPA

Pet Influence: Right now 66\% of US households have pets... which means 172,236,344 adult consumers live in a household that own a pet!

# \$260 Billion 

An increase of 18\% from \$221 billion in 2015.

## Industry Economic Contribution Explained

The pet industry is thriving despite global economic uncertainty and inflation. A study by the Michigan State University asserts that the U.S. pet industry had a $\$ 260$ billion overall contribution to our economy in 2022. Additional 2022 economic impact estimates include:

- Total annual household expenditures pets, pet services, and pet products amounted to $\$ 93.95$ billion.
- The U.S. pet industry contributed $\$ 174.67$ billion in annual gross domestic product (GDP).
- Approximately 1.09 million jobs directly attributed to pet related businesses.
- About 2.78 million U.S. jobs directly or indirectly attributed to household contribution for pets.
- The direct and secondary effects of the pet food industry generate a total of $\$ 23.31$ billion in annual tax revenue.

Pet ownership contributes to overall American health and wellbeing. Conservative estimates demonstrate that owning a pet saves the American healthcare system billions of dollars annually.

| Annual Health Care Cost Savings of Pet Ownership | Savings |
| :--- | ---: |
| Physician Office Visits | $\$ 14,986,493,000$ |
| Obesity | $\$ 4,536,476,000$ |
| Treatment of C.Difficile Infections | $\$ 90,470,000$ |
| Mental Health Costs for Anxiety in Children 8-10 Years Old | $\$ 671,711,000$ |
| Mental Health Care Costs of Socially Isolated Seniors | $\$ 1,776,146,000$ |
| Veteran PTSD Treatments (Emotional Support \& Service Animals) | $\$ 688,017,000$ |
| Total Identifiable Cost Savings | $\mathbf{\$ 2 2 , 7 4 9 , 3 1 3 , 0 0 0}$ |

Pet spending remains strong over time; the trend in pet expenditure grew slowly during the recession and post-recession years, then spiked during the pandemic. The forecast shows strong year-over-year growth through 2030.

Industry Expenditure (in \$ Billions): 2009-2030


Pet Industry Compound Annual Growth Rate* (CAGR) since 2009: an American pet owner story of recession, post-recession recovery, COVID, post-COVID recovery. Reasons for pet companionship are even stronger post-COVID.

| $4.7 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  | $2020-2022$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Pet care is performing at the top of the fast-moving consumer goods (fmcg) category, now and before COVID.

WEEKLY SALES GROWTH
VS 2019 SALES GROWTH

|  | 7/8/23 | 7/15/23 | 7/22/23 | 7/29/23 | L4wk | 7/8/23 | 7/15/23 | 7/22/23 | 7/29/23 | L4wk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pet Care | 12\% | 8\% | 7\% | 6\% | 8\% | 45\% | 42\% | 43\% | 36\% | 41\% |
| Grocery | 11\% | 7\% | 6\% | 6\% | 7\% | 44\% | 39\% | 42\% | 37\% | 41\% |
| Bakery | 10\% | 5\% | 7\% | 4\% | 6\% | 66\% | 43\% | 48\% | 41\% | 50\% |
| Baby Care | 8\% | 6\% | 5\% | 4\% | 6\% | 18\% | 20\% | 22\% | 10\% | 17\% |
| Produce | 9\% | 5\% | 3\% | 3\% | 5\% | 49\% | 39\% | 42\% | 39\% | 42\% |
| Household Care | 7\% | 6\% | 4\% | 3\% | 5\% | 29\% | 27\% | 27\% | 19\% | 26\% |
| Alcohol | 11\% | 3\% | 4\% | 4\% | 5\% | 42\% | 19\% | 21\% | 21\% | 26\% |
| Seafood | 8\% | 5\% | 4\% | 2\% | 5\% | 71\% | 61\% | 62\% | 56\% | 63\% |
| Deli | 7\% | 3\% | 3\% | 3\% | 4\% | 52\% | 42\% | 44\% | 41\% | 45\% |
| Heath \& Beauty Care | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 23\% | 24\% | 25\% | 20\% | 23\% |
| Dairy | 2\% | -1\% | -3\% | -3\% | -1\% | 37\% | 34\% | 34\% | 31\% | 34\% |
| Meat | 5\% | -1\% | 0\% | -1\% | 1\% | 51\% | 34\% | 37\% | 31\% | 38\% |
| Tobacco \& Alternatives | -2\% | -4\% | -4\% | -4\% | -3\% | -1\% | -1\% | -1\% | -3\% | -1\% |
| General Merchandise | -2\% | -8\% | -9\% | -9\% | -7\% | 8\% | -7\% | -3\% | -9\% | -3\% |
| Total Store | 7\% | 3\% | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 34\% | 28\% | 30\% | 25\% | 29\% |

The Human-Animal Bond between pets and owners helps to explain the power to drive this American business.

## 76\%

of pet owners report that their personal health has improved as a result of owning a pet, up from $71 \%$ in 2016 (+5\%)
of pet owners agree that
of pet owners say that they have experienced mental health improvements from pet ownership, up from 74\% in 2016 (+13\%)
their pet is an important part of their family (this has remained steady since 2016)

## Pet Owner Spending

In 2022, despite economic pressures on their wallets, $39 \%$ of pet owners spent more o their pets than in previous years. In fact, $76 \%$ of pet owners reported that the economy did not have a downward effect on their pet expenditure, evidenced by the overall economic trends discussed in the previous slides.

We are always interested to see which behavioral pivots stick around, and browsing in stores, while taking a downward turn due to COVID, has rebounded nicely to prepandemic levels. Learning about new pet products finds browsing in brick-and-mortar stores trending back up compared to the COVID years, but for younger generations, (i.e., Millennials and Gen Z), internet and social media is gaining popularity.

We see subscription-based pet food programs continuing to trend up, especially amongst younger pet owners. More on this in the Generations section.

## Most pet owners say their employment has not been impacted by the economy.

However, 1 in 5 say they've been impacted in some way.


How do pet owners spend money? Pet products* and food account for the largest share of dollars spent annually.

Share of Pet Wallet (\%) - 2022


At the end of 2022, there were more than 110 million households buying pet products with an average value per buyer of \$680. That's a $\mathbf{1 0 . 7 \%}$ increase over the previous year and rising. ${ }^{1}$

## $\square$

Last year, half of pet owners spent about the same on their pets, but a significantly larger number - almost 40\% - chose to spend more on their pets since COVID.

Influence of the Economy on Pet Spending in the Past 12 months (\%) - 2022


## Pet owners are still conscientious about how they spend money, but they almost always

 consider their pet(s) in their budgets.

For canines, spayed/neutered pets are more common in higher-income households; felines are consistent across economic lines. There is an outreach opportunity here for lower-income, dog-owning communities.

```
Dogs/Cat that are Spayed/Neutered by Household Income (%) - }202
```




Spayed/neutered


Pet owners mostly work outside the home in 2022.

Current Employment Status (\%) - 2022



Shopping modality is dominated by two sources: brick-and-mortar store and/or online and shipped home.

How Pet Owners Typically Shop For Pet Products (\%) - 2022



It's important to note that omnichannel shoppers exhibit some different behavior than their brick-and-mortar counterparts.

## $\sigma$

## Browsing in-store bounced back after COVID to pre-pandemic levels, but learning about

 new pet products through social media gained huge grounds, especially among younger pet owners.How A Pet Owner Becomes Aware Of New Pet Products (\%) - over time (left chart) and in 2022 (right table)


Pet company websites are still the main source for learning about new products, but YouTube, retailer websites, and TikTok are shifting upwards.


Pet food, treats, and toys are what pet owners purchase online now, and this trend has increased drastically as a result of COVID.

Pet Care Items Purchased Online within the Past 12 months (\%) - over time

85



The increase in online purchases shifted as a result of COVID and remains strong.

Change in the Number of Online Purchases in the Past Year (\%) - over time



As a result of COVID, nearly $50 \%$ of pet owners have some type of subscription-based internet purchase. While numbers for these purchases has normalized after COVID, the adoption of subscription-based purchases continues to be a strong trend.


Households with children under 18 are much more likely to have increased their online pet product purchases; it's more convenient and efficient.

Change in the Number of Online Purchases in the Past Year among Households with Children (\%) - 2022


55*

= Stayed the Same


A Increased


An overwhelming majority of pet owners state the economy has not affected their pet ownership.

How pet ownership been affected by the current economy (\%) - 2022


Pet ownership levels have remained fairly steady (in the mid-to-high 60's) in the American household since 2010. We expect the percentage of households with pets to remain steady through 2028.

Pet Ownership as a Percentage of U.S. Households (\%) - over time


## The overall number of U.S. households that own pets has increased steadily over time.

 We forecast strong numbers in the years to come.Estimated Number of U.S. Households* that Own a Dog/Cat (in millions)


The sixty-six percent of all US households that own a pet consists of mostly canines and/or felines. Therefore, the focus of species analysis will be on canines and felines.

Percentage of US HH that own species (\%)


Est Number of US HH that own species (in Mil)


Even as the percentage of US households that have a pet remains steady, the percentage of multi-pet households has risen steadily over the past several years...

2+ Pet Households (\%) - over time

... but this increase is almost entirely explained by Gen Z and Millennial households, where almost three quarters are multi-pet households.

2+ Pets in Household (\%) - over time


## Pet owners say their attitudes and behaviors towards their pets have not been affected by the economy in 2022.

Agreement with Personal Attitude Statements (\%) - 2022


Spending time with my pet is helping to reduce my stress and increase my sense of well-being


My pet's diet is very important to me, so I do not plan to make any changes to it regardless of the economy/my finances

## Premium food rules the category for both cats and dogs; basic food is a close second for

 cats.Types of Pet Food Purchased in the Past 12 Months (\%) - over time


Why do people not own pets? For previous pet owners who no longer have a pet, they mostly say it's because of pet's death and less about lifestyle or financial reasons.

Reasons for Not Currently Owning a Pet among Previous Pet Owners (\%) - over time


## Why do people not own pets? For people who have never owned a pet, they say it's about the lifestyle and/or the financial commitments involved.

Reasons for Not Currently Owning a Pet Among Non-Pet Owners (\%) - over time


Not many places allow pets in the workplace, and this hasn't changed since before COVID. As companies struggle to find balance between remote and in-person work, allowing pets in the workplace could be an untapped recruitment opportunity.



## Generation

## Generational Differences

## Market to Millennials:

- Millennial pet owners still account for the largest category of pet owner, but Gen Z pet ownership is on the rise as they age out of their parent's houses/university and into the workforce.
- The Gen X and Boomer pet owners have decreased in pet ownership since prepandemic times.


## The Importance of a Branded, Online Presence:

- The two younger generations are significantly more brand-name driven than the two older generations.
- Younger pet owners mostly shop for pet products online, whereas the older generations still prefer brick-and-mortar shopping.
- When seeking pets, the younger generations rely on online or social media sources, whereas the two older generations rely on word-of-mouth sources.


## Generation Definition

The 2022-2023 survey employs the following definitions for each generation:


Where do you focus? Millennial pet owners account for more dogs and cats than any other generation, although Gen Z numbers are on the rise as they age into the category. We see waning numbers from Gen $X$ and Boomers.


Gen Z and Millennials believe in multi-pet households, as almost three quarters of these generations are in this category.

2+ Pets in Household (\%) - over time



Brand Matters! Brand names are much more important to Gen Z and Millennials, which makes branding a big opportunity for strategy and marketing departments.

Importance of Brand Name When Purchasing Pet Products (\%) - 2022

$\qquad$
(B)


Younger generations prefer purchasing online while older generations prefer shopping at brick-and-mortar stores.

How Pet Owners Typically Shop For Pet Products - 2022


Gen $Z$ and Millennials learn about dog/cat availability via online/social media while the older generations rely on word of mouth.

Where Pet Owners Learned of the Availability of Their Dog/Cat (\%) - 2022


## Economy \& Workplace

Generally, pet ownership has not been affected by the economy, but because they are likely more economically established, only Boomers indicate little expense concern.

Workplace matters

- Gen X, Millennials, and Gen Z prefer some kind of hybrid/WFH mix, but you still see that their workplaces demand in-office presence.
- Research has shown a significant lift in a company's ability to attract, engage, and retain top talent when employees are allowed to bring pets to work. Since most workplaces still do not allow pets in the workplace, companies who allow this benefit can see a significant competitive advantage with minimal capital and operational enhancements.


## Mostly, the economy has not affected pet ownership, although only Boomers indicate

 there is no expense concern.

Considering your personal situation with your pet(s) in this economy, agree or disagree (\%) - Total Agree


Likewise, the older you are, the less likely the current economy has affected your employment situation.

| Impact Of Current Economy On Employment (\%) - 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GEN <br> (Z) | MILLENNIA <br> (M) |  | GEN $X$ <br> (X) |  | BOOMERS <br> (B) |  |
| Employment not impacted | 36 |  | 50Z |  | 66ZM |  | 69ZMX |
| Hours/wages increased | 16MXB | 13XB |  | 6B |  | 2 |  |
| Hours/wages reduced | 15XB | 14XB |  | 10B |  | 5 |  |
| New/ different job | 12MXB | 7XB |  | 4B |  | 1 |  |

## Most generations prefer a hybrid or work-from-home employment situation.

Preferred Employment Situation (\%) - 2022


Most workplaces still do not allow pets, even though the literature is clear as to its benefits. There is an opportunity here for education and outreach.

Does Workplace Allow Pets (\%) - 2022


Allowing pets in the office gives pet-friendly** organizations a $32 \%$ boost (on average) over organizations that don't, regardless if the pets are yours or not.

Yes
Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence QS13. Does your place of work allow pets?
Base Gen Z: 2294, Gen M: 4269, Gen X: 3463, Boomers: 4440

* Source: Nationwide ©/ HABRI 'Pets in the Workplace' study, 2018
**"Pet-friendly" is defined for the purpose of this study as allowing pets in the office plus at least one of the following: pet health insurance, pet-sitting services, or working from home to take care of pets.


## Online behavior

Having an online strategy for your organization is only going to become more important in the years to come to cater to the dominant younger generations: Millennials and Gen Z.

- Gen Z and Millennial pet owners have only increased the amount of online purchases since the pandemic.
- And they want to learn about new pet products via visual platforms like YouTube, TikTok, and Instagram.

Subscriptions are important to younger pet owners.

Gen Z and Millennials are far more likely to have subscription based online purchases.


Gen Z and Millennials increased their online purchase of pet products compared to Xers and Boomers.

Change In The Number Of Online Purchases In The Past Year (\%) - 2022


[^0]Gen Z and Millennials learn about new pet products on YouTube, TikTok, and Instagram all visual platforms. Boomers and Gen $X$ turn to company websites.

How A Pet Owner Learns About Pet Products On The Internet (\%) - 2022

(Z)


(M)



(X)
 d 17B



(B)

$f$
34

Gen $Z$ and Millennial pet owners use online services to find pet care services much more than Gen Xers and Boomers.

Used an Online Service to Find Pet Care Services (\%) - 2022


## The Human-Animal Bond

The human-animal bond is generation- and species-proof: all generations of cat and dog owners cherish their pets and understand the benefits pets provide them.

- Companionship, love, affection, company, and attention are universally accepted as direct pet benefits, especially with Gen $X$ and Boomer pet owners.
- While understanding that pets give pet owners happiness and support, there is an opportunity to message to younger generations how pets can also help them with stress relief.
- Younger pet owners, Gen Z and Millennial, are more apt to consider their pets when looking for housing and to visit pet-friendly hotels and restaurants.
- Younger pet owners are more apt to overtly spoil their pets with expensive gifts for their birthdays, while older pet owners prefer to give their pets gifts during the holidays.


## The Human Animal Bond continues to grow significantly year after year across generations.

Health Benefits of Pet Ownership (\%) - over time


## The Human-Animal Bond is generation-proof.

Total Agreement With Personal Statements about the Human-Animal Bond (\%) - 2022


[^1]
## The Human-Animal Bond is generation-proof.

Total Agreement With Personal Statements about the Human-Animal Bond (\%) - 2022


[^2]Companionship, fun, and relaxation are the main benefits of pet ownership for Gen Z and Millennial pet owners, but...

...these feelings are expressed much more strongly for Gen X and Boomer pet owners.

Benefits of Dog/Cat Ownership (\%) - 2022


Messaging to Gen Z and Millennial pet owners of the support and stress-relief components of pet ownership is an opportunity.

Specific Health Benefits of Pet Ownership (\%) - 2022



Gen Z and Millennials consider their pets when deciding what property to purchase or rent - much more than older generations.

Consider Pets When Deciding What Property To Purchase/Rent (\%) - 2022




Yes

Gen Z and Millennials visit pet-friendly hotels and restaurants much more than older generations.

Visited Pet Friendly Places (\%) - 2022: DOG

(Z)


Hotels Restaurants

MILLENNIAL
(M)

45XB


Hotels Restaurants


Hotels Restaurants
(B)

15


Hotels Restaurants

[^3]All generations buy at least one gift for their pets annually, but Birthdays are the most popular for Gen Zs and Millennials, whereas...

When Gifts are Purchased for Dogs/Cats (\%), Average \# of Gifts/Year, Average \$ of Gifts - 2022

...Gen X and Boomers prefer buying pet gifts for Christmas. Boomers spend the least on these gifts.

When Gifts are Purchased for Dogs/Cats (\%), Average \# of Gifts/Year, Average \$ of Gifts - 2022


## About a third of Gen Z and Millennial pet owners hold parties and buy pet-themed merchandise, whereas...

Holiday/Birthday Parties for Dog/Cat (\%); Purchased Pet-Themed Merchandise(\%) - 2022
$\qquad$
(Z)

39MXB

Holiday/ birthday parties

33MXB ${ }^{34 X B}$


Bought pet themed gift merchandise
$\qquad$
(M)

Holiday/ birthday parties


Bought pet themed gift merchandise


## ...Gen X and Boomer pet owners are far less likely to engage in these activities.

Holiday/Birthday Parties for Dog/Cat (\%); Purchased Pet-Themed Merchandise (\%) - 2022
$\qquad$
(X)
$\qquad$ BOOMERS
(B)


## Veterinary Care

## All pet owners take their pets to the vet a lot.

- Millennials, Gen X, and Boomers concentrate more on routine exams and vaccinations while Gen Z take their pets to the vet significantly more than the older generations for things like grooming.

There is an opportunity for our community to raise the awareness and importance of spaying and neutering for Gen Z and Millennial pet owners

- Gen $X$ and Boomer pet owners spay and neuter their pets significantly more than Gen Z and Millennial pet owners.

How pet owners obtain information about their pets shows a transition between generations: younger pet owners are increasingly turning to online resources, while...

Where Information Usually Obtained About Pets (\%) - over time

...older generations still rely heavily on their veterinarian for information about their pets.

Where Information Usually Obtained About Pets (\%) - over time


* Significantly different vs. 2018 at a $95 \%$ level of confidence 2332/436 Please indicate where you usually get information about your pet(s).

All generations take their pets to the veterinarian an average of $3 x$ a year, but Gen $Z$ and Millennials take their pets to the veterinarian a lot more often than older generations.

Number of Veterinarian visits in the past 12 months - 2022


Millennial and Gen Z pet owners take their pets to the veterinarian for a variety of services (including grooming), whereas...

Services and Products Obtained From the Veterinarian (\%) - 2022

...older generations take their pets to the veterinarian mostly for routine physical exams and vaccinations.

Services and Products Obtained From the Veterinarian (\%) - 2022


Gen $X$ and Boomer pet owners spay and neuter their pets significantly more than Gen Z and Millennial pet owners. There is an educational opportunity here.

Dogs/Cats that are Spayed/Neutered (\%) - 2022

(Z)

MILLENNIAL
(M)


GEN X
(X)


BOOMERS
(B)

94ZMX


## Products \& Services

## Product

There is abundant opportunity to increase engagement with different types of pet products based on generation

- Market flea and tick medicines to Gen Z and Millennial pet owners - and to all cat owners; they use them less often than older generations.
- Market natural dog food more aggressively to younger pet owners; they are significantly more likely to purchase them, and it will help to consolidate their choices when shopping.
- Educate Gen Z and Millennial dog owners as to the merits of dental hygiene treats.
- Educate Boomer pet owner as to the merits of calming products (including CBD) for their pet - all other pet owners use them.


## Services

Gen $Z$ and Millennial pet owners engage pet services significantly more often than Gen $X$ and Boomers. There is likely opportunity here to market these services to older generations.

Among dog owners, medicated flea/tick medication is highest with Gen X and Boomers. Among cat owners, purchase of this product is highest among Millennials.

Purchased Flea and Tick Medication in the Past 12 Months (\%) - 2022


Natural dog food for dogs and cats is significantly more popular with Gen Z and Millennial pet owners vs older generations, whereas...

Types of Dog/Cat Food Purchased in the Past 12 Months (\%) - 2022


[^4]...premium dog and cat food is significantly preferred with Gen X and Boomer pet owners.

Types of Dog/Cat Food Purchased in the Past 12 Months (\%) - 2022


[^5]APPA

## Meat treats are the most-common treats purchased by Millennials and

 Gen Z pet owners...Types of Treats (not chews) Purchased in the past 12 months (\%) - 2022
$\qquad$
GEN Z
(Z)
 $\qquad$ MILLENNIAL
(M)


Meat
treats

Dental/ breath fresheners^


...whereas dental hygiene and meat treats are just as popular for Boomer and Gen X pet owners.

Types of Treats (not chews) Purchased in the past 12 months (\%) - 2022
$\qquad$
(X)


BOOMERS
(B)

50ZMX


Dental/ breath fresheners^

## Millennial and Gen Z pet owners use calming products almost universally, whereas...


... Boomers use calming products rarely for their pets.


Boomers are the only generation rarely use CBD products; the younger the pet owner, the more common its use.

CBD Products Purchased in the Past 12 Months (\%) - 2022


## Millennials and Gen Z pet owners use vitamins/supplements more than Gen X and

 Boomers, but their use is not as common as CBD.Currently Give Dog/Cat Vitamins and/or Other Supplements (\%) - 2022


## Younger pet owners use dog-related services far more often than older pet owners.



Gen Z and Millennials will buy a memorial item upon the death of their pet more so than older generations.

Will Buy Something Upon Dog's/Cat's Death (\%) - 2022


## Zone



## Zone Definition

The data in this section is grouped into zones: Rural, Urban and Suburban.
Zonal designations are obtained from Great Data, a database housing Census, Rural Urban, Congressional, CBSA, \& Postal information. The database categorizes zip codes into geographical areas. Each zip code is classified as predominately rural, suburban, or urban based on three key factors: population density (people per square mile), distance from nearest city, and size of the nearest city (suburban areas for larger cities extend greater distances).

Great Data uses census counts and the latest estimations to calculate the population per zip code based on ZCTA (zip code tabulation area). It is an approximation of a zip code derived from US Census Bureau databases.

Great Data updates their classifications on a quarterly basis.

## Zone Summary

## Market to Urbanites.

Urbanites' employment are the most impacted by the economy and they are most likely to spend more on their pets vs. other zones. Urbanites are also the lowest in purchasing medicated flea/tick products creating an opportunity to market to them about these products.

- Consider targeting pet owners in urban areas, offering discounts and specials or other ways to provide relief from financial challenges especially since they're spending more than the other zones.
- Reach them in-store and on the internet/web as these are modes where they seek information about new pet products.


## In-store/brick and mortar is still important to pet owners.

It is the top source of new pet product information for all pet owners, regardless of where they live.

## Most pet owners state that the economy has not affected their employment, but

 employment within urban areas was most impacted.Impact Of Current Economy On Employment (\%) - 2022


Hybrid work is most likely among urbanites while exclusive office or home locations are more common in rural and suburban areas.

Current Employment Status (\%) - 2022


Overwhelming majority of pet owners state that their pet ownership was not affected by the economy in 2022, regardless of residential zip code.

How Pet Ownership has been Affected by the Current Economy (\%) - 2022


Biggest swings in spending are seen in the Rural areas, but all zones are reporting spending more on their pets versus previous year.

Influence of the Economy on Pet Spending in the Past 12 months (\%)


All pet owners, regardless of where they live, prefer to learn about new pet products by browsing in a store, but urban pet owners also become aware of new products on the internet and/or web surfing.

How A Pet Owner Becomes Aware Of New Pet Products (\%) - over time


## Medicated flea/tick product purchases are highest in rural and suburban areas, with levels

 steadily increasing in rural.Purchased Medicated Flea/Tick Products for Pet in Past 12 Months (\%) - over time


## Species

The industry is ruled by dog and cat owners, so they will be the focus of this species section.

Percentage of US household that own species (\%)


Est Number of US households that own species (in Mil)


[^6]Millennials still own more dogs and cats than any other generation consistently, but Gen Z is starting to catch up as they age into the category. Gen X and Boomers show decreasing pet ownership since 2018.

Pet Ownership by Generation (\%) - over time


40


## Pet Products account for the largest share of dollars spent.

For dog and cat owners, veterinary and food spend are the next largest shares.


## Owning a dog has become

 significantly more expensive than 2018.Vet visits dominate expenses, followed by food and boarding among dog owners.


Specific Expenses for All Dogs (\$) - over time

500

## Owning a cat has become

 much more expensive in 2022 vs 2018.Food and vet visits dominate expenses.


Specific Expenses for All Cats (\$) - over time

300

0
2018
2020
2022

Most dog owners purchase premium food, with levels trending up significantly since 2018. Most cat owners buy generic or premium food, with levels holding steady across the years.

Types of Pet Food Purchased in the Past 12 Months (\%) - over time


Dog and cat owners both purchase food online, but more dog owners purchase other types of items (such as treats and grooming supplies) than cat owners.

Pet Items Purchased Online within the Past 12 months (\%) - 2022



Toy purchases are highest at pet superstores among dog owners, while supermarkets and pet superstores are tied among cat owners.

Outlets Where Toys are Purchased (\%) - 2020 vs 2022



* Significantly different vs. 2020 at a $95 \%$ level of confidence

Q326C1/423b1. Where did you purchase toys for your cat in the past 12 months?
Base Dog/Cat 2020: 2253/2014, 2022: 2482/2484.

Most pet owners feed dry food to their pets, though levels have been trending significantly down. Although the numbers are small, semi-moist, raw, and fresh types are on the rise since 2018.

Type of Pet Food Used Most Often (\%) - over time


Meat and dental treats are the most popular with dog owners, but levels have decreased significantly since 2018.

Types of Treats Purchased in the past 12 months (\%) - over time


* Significantly different vs. 2018 at a $95 \%$ level of confidence

2319c/Q417c Which types of treats have you purchased for your cat(s)/dog(s) in the past 12 months? (Select all that apply)
Base Dog/Cat 2018. 459/430 2020. 3070/2683, 2022:3282/3185

- New product added in 2022

Companionship, relaxation, and being fun to watch are the largest benefits of owning dogs.


Benefits of Owning Pets (\%) - DOG

65



24* $-14$
13*
12*
9
7

0
2018
2020
2022

Companionship
Relaxation

Security

Good for children

Convenience
(4)

Keeps animals away
Therapy for elderly

Like dogs, companionship, relaxation, and being fun to watch are the largest benefits of owning cats.


Benefits of Owning Pets (\%) - CAT

65
號

The purchase of any type of memorial item is significantly on the rise since 2018, with urns being the most preferred.

Would Plan to Purchase Memorial Item Upon Death of Pet (\%) - over time


Grooming for both dogs and cats is significantly higher than in 2018. Dog owners continue to self-groom since COVID moved this behavior to the house, but the use of professional groomers is also significantly higher.

Grooming Methods Used for Dogs and Cats in the Past 12 Months (\%) - over time/Average Number of times Groomed - Dogs


## Pet owners almost exclusively rely on veterinarians for their flea and tick purchases.

Where Purchased Flea and Tick Products in the Past 12 Months (\%) - 2020 vs 2022


* Significantly different vs. 2020 at a $95 \%$ level of confidence. No 2018 data

About 2/3 of dog owners purchase flea and tick meds - everywhere but the western region. Purchases for cats are highest in the south region.

Purchased Flea and Tick Medication in the Past 12 Months (\%) - 2022


Flea and tick medication purchases are flat among dog owners while levels have increased significantly among cat owners since 2018.

Purchased Flea and Tick Medication in the Past 12 Months (\%) - over time


## Spaying/neutering dogs and cats peaked post recession but is back down to 2004 levels.

Pets that are Spayed/Neutered



Spayed/neutered pets are more common in higher-income households. There is an outreach opportunity here for lower-income communities.

Dogs/Cat that are Spayed/Neutered by Household Income (\%) - 2022


Pet owners look to veterinarians and the internet and social media sources for information about their pets.


Electronic tracking devices have increased significantly since 2018 among both dog and cat owners.


## Wrapping it up

## 1

Pet industry expenditures have been incredibly strong since 2009, despite wide-scale economic challenges in the United States, such as a major recession, the postrecession recovery period, COVID closures, and postCOVID inflation. We forecast the industry's expenditures to near \$300 billion by 2030.

2
Pet care is the top dog now and before COVID in the fast-moving consumer goods category, even above grocery.

## 5

Multi-pet households are starting to become the new normal, especially with younger pet owners.

## 3

The overwhelming majority of all pet owners state the economy has not affected their pet ownership.

## 6

Pet owner shopping behavior has moved online quickly due to COVID, especially with Gen Z and Millennials, but browsing in store is still very strong with Gen $X$ and Boomers.

## 4

Although Millennials remain the largest pet owning generation, Gen Z are entering the category in a very strong way.

## 7

Gen $Z$ and Millennials want to learn about pet products through the newer, visual forms of social media, like YouTube, Instagram, and TikTok.

## Thank you


[^0]:    Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence
    QS6 . How has the number of times you purchased pet products online changed in the past year?
    Base Gen Z: 1598 , Gen M: 3275, Gen X: 2492, Boomers: 2416

[^1]:    Added in 2020
    Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence
    Base Gen Z: 2294, Gen M: 4269, Gen X: 3463, Boomers: 4440 .

[^2]:    Added in 2020
    Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence
    Base Gen Z: 2294, Gen M: 4269, Gen X: 3463, Boomers: 4440

[^3]:    Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence
    2317c. Have you ever been to either of the following types of pet-friendly places with your pet? Base Dog Gen Z: 507, Gen M: 1027, Gen X: 894, Boomers: 1020

[^4]:    Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence within corresponding species group
    mons for your dog/cat(s). Base Dog/Cat Gen Z: 507/417, Gen M: 1027/1133, Gen X: 894/935, Boomers: 1020/959.

[^5]:    Letters indicate statistical significance at a $95 \%$ level of confidence within corresponding species group
    onths for your dog/cat(s).
    Base Dog/Cat Gen Z: 507/417, Gen M: 1027/1133, Gen X: 894/935, Boomers: 1020/959.

[^6]:    Source: APPA National Pet Owner Survey 2023

